

1. Freedom of Press is expressly available in the Constitution of India?
(a) True **(b) False**
2. There is no restriction to the Freedom of Press.
(a) True **(b) False**
3. Every book or paper printed within India shall have printed legibly on it the name of the printer and the place of printing, and if the book or paper be published the name of the publisher, and the place of publication.
(a) True **(b) False**
4. There is no provision in the Constitution for suspension of Fundamental Rights.
(a) True **(b) False**
5. Public Interest Litigation (PIL) can be filed in all types of cases, the only requirement being that there should be *public interest* involved.
(a) True **(b) False**
6. Any book, magazine, pamphlet, leaflet, newspaper or other like publication which consists of stories told with or without the aid of pictures portraying – the commission of offences or acts of violence or cruelty, or incidents of a repulsive or horrible nature – in such a way that the publication as a whole would tend to corrupt a young person into whose hands it might fall, whether by inciting or encouraging him to commit offences or acts of violence or cruelty or in any other manner whatsoever is a punishable offence.
(a) True **(b) False**
7. A minor (less than 18 years) on being convicted for committing an offence will be disqualified for employment in any Government service after he attains the age of majority.
(a) True **(b) False**
8. If a news reporter finds a child who appears or claims to be abandoned/lost, or orphaned or without family support is duty-bound to report this information to the concerned authorities.

(a) True

(b) False

9. A news reporter has posted in social media, picture of a group of children involved in a theft case to caution the readers about such juvenile thieves. The reporter has performed his duty within the ambit of law.

(a) True

(b) False

10. Media is under an obligation to report cases to the local authority which is sexually exploitative of a child.

(a) True

(b) False

11. Disclosure of identity of a child is a punishable offence under the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012.

(a) True

(b) False

12. "A" has filed a writ petition before the Hon'ble High Court praying for various relief against "B", a Department of the Government. In the course of pendency of the litigation, a reporter of certain newspaper "C" takes an interview of the Advocate of "A" regarding the same case terming it *sensational case*. The Advocate of "A" makes numerous allegations against "B" and also against the Hon'ble Judge hearing the said case terming as *biased bench*. The interview is published in "C" on the following day as *breaking news*.

Has "A" and "C" committed any offence?

(a) Yes

(b) No

13. In another pending case, a reporter witnesses heated discussion between the rival Counsel and reports the same in *verbatim* in the next issue of the newspaper. Has the reporter committed any offence?

(a) Yes

(b) No

14. "C", a reporter has learnt that a minor child has been brutally raped. Determined to get into the bottom of the matter and to ensure that the perpetrator is punished, "C" pursues the case and visits the concerned Court on every date of hearing. Since the case is being tried under the POCSO Act, 2012 the proceedings is *in camera*. After every proceeding, "C" interviews the Public Prosecutor and reports the entire proceedings in the social media.

The reporter is within his limit of reporting and has not transgressed into any law.

(a) True

(b) False

15. “A” is a community of people maintaining a certain *place of worship*. “C”, a reporter publishes an article in a local daily inciting “A” not to permit “Z” belonging to another community, to enter into the said *place of worship* on the ground of *caste* and *race*.

Has “C” committed any offence?

(a) Yes

(b) No

16. Yet in another report, “C” publishes an article criticizing certain religious belief of “Z” community with utter impunity. Has the reported committed any offence?

(a) Yes

(b) No

17. A cartoonist for “C” newspaper draws a caricature of “D” stealing a mobile a phone from a shop, intending it to be believed that “D” is a thief. The same is published in the said newspaper.

Is “C” liable for any action?

(a) Yes

(b) No

18. An advertisement is published in media seeking membership in a scheme called “*Double your Money in 30 Days*”. According to this scheme, a member has to deposit certain sum of money, which the promoter claims will be doubled in 30 days.

Has the publisher committed any offence?

(a) Yes

(b) No

19. Mediation is a form of Alternative Dispute Resolution?

(a) True

(b) False

20. The following persons are entitled to free legal aid:

(a) member of Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe;

(b) a victim of trafficking in human beings or begar as referred in Art. 23 of the Constitution;

(c) a woman or a child;

(d) a person with disability;

- (e) a person under circumstances of undeserved want such as being a victim of a mass disaster, ethnic violence, caste atrocity, flood, drought, earthquake or industrial disaster; or
- (f) an industrial workman; or
- (g) in custody, including custody in a protective Home;
- (h) in receipt of annual income less than ₹ 3 Lakhs in the State of Sikkim.

(a) True

(b) False